Math 229: Introduction to Analytic Number Theory

Spring 2022

Problem set #6 due Friday, March 25 at noon

Problem 1. Show that

$$\zeta(\sigma + it) \ll (1 + |t|^{1-\sigma}) \cdot \min(\frac{1}{|1-\sigma|}, \log|t|)$$

if $2 \ge \sigma \ge \frac{1}{2}$ and $|t| \ge 2$.

Hint: Use the Euler–Maclaurin formula on an interval $[N, \infty)$ and choose N wisely depending on σ and t.

Problem 2. As in class, write

$$-\frac{\Gamma'}{\Gamma}(s) = B_{\Gamma} + \frac{1}{s} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{s+n} - \frac{1}{n}\right)$$

and

$$\frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{\xi'}{\xi}(s) = B + \sum_{\rho} \left(\frac{1}{s-\rho} + \frac{1}{\rho} \right)$$

and for any primitive nontrivial character χ modulo q, write

$$\frac{\xi'}{\xi}(s,\chi) = B_{\chi} + \sum_{\rho} \left(\frac{1}{s-\rho} + \frac{1}{\rho}\right).$$

Let γ be the Euler–Mascheroni constant.

- a) Show that $B_{\Gamma} = \gamma$ and $B = \frac{1}{2}\log(4\pi) 1 \frac{1}{2}\gamma$.
- b) Show that

$$B = -\sum_{\rho} \Re(1/\rho)$$

and

$$\Re(B_{\chi}) = -\sum_{\substack{\rho \text{ zero} \\ \text{ of } \xi(s,\chi)}} \Re(1/\rho).$$

Problem 3. a) Show that there is an entire function $f : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$ such that for all $s \in \mathbb{C}$, we have

$$s(s-1)\xi(s) = f((s-1/2)^2).$$

- b) What is the order of f(s)?
- c) Show that

$$s(s-1)\xi(s) = A \cdot \prod_{\substack{\rho \text{ nontrivial zero of } \zeta(s) \\ \text{with } \Im(\rho) > 0}} \left(1 - \left(\frac{s-1/2}{\rho - 1/2}\right)^2 \right)$$

for some constant A. (You may assume that $\zeta(s)$ has no real nontrivial zero.)