

# Math 286X: Arithmetic Statistics

Spring 2020

Problem set #6

**Problem 1.** Let  $n \geq 1$ .

- a) Show that, up to isomorphism, there are exactly  $\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + 1$  degree  $n$  extensions  $K$  of  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- b) ([Bha07, Proposition 2.4]) Show that

$$\sum_{\substack{\text{degree } n \\ \text{extension } K|\mathbb{R}}} \frac{1}{\#\text{Aut}_{\mathbb{R}}(K)} = \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{1}{2^k \cdot k!(n-2k)!} = \mathbb{P}(\pi^2 = \text{id} \mid \pi \in S_n).$$

**Problem 2.** Let  $K$  be a nonarchimedean local field with prime ideal  $\mathfrak{p}$  and residue field  $\mathbb{F}_q$ .

- a) Show that  $\int_{\mathcal{O}_K} |x| dx = 1 - \frac{1}{q+1}$ .
- b) Let  $f(X) \in \mathcal{O}_K[X]$  be a polynomial such that  $f'(X) \bmod \mathfrak{p}$  has  $k$  simple roots in  $\mathbb{F}_q$  and no roots of higher multiplicity in  $\mathbb{F}_q$ . For any  $y \in \mathcal{O}_K$ , let  $m(y)$  be the number of  $x \in \mathcal{O}_K$  such that  $f(x) = y$ . Show that

$$\int_{\mathcal{O}_K} m(y) dy = 1 - \frac{k}{q+1}.$$

(This is the expected number of preimages of a random element  $y \in \mathcal{O}_K$  under the map  $f : \mathcal{O}_K \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_K$ .)

**Problem 3** ([Ser78, Section 4]). Let  $K$  be a local field with normalized valuation  $v_K$  and let  $n \geq 1$ .

- a) Show that the discriminant of an Eisenstein polynomial  $f(X) = a_n X^n + a_{n-1} X^{n-1} + \dots + a_0 \in \mathcal{O}_K[X]$  with  $a_n = 1$  satisfies

$$v_K(\text{disc}(f)) = \min_{1 \leq i \leq n} (i - 1 + n v_K(a_i)).$$

- b) Show that  $K$  has infinitely many separable totally ramified field extensions of degree  $n$  if and only if  $\text{char}(K) \mid n$ .

- c) Show that  $K$  has infinitely many field extensions of degree  $n$  if and only if  $\text{char}(K) \mid n$ .
- d) (bonus) Let  $d \geq 0$ . Show that  $K$  has a totally ramified field extension  $L$  of degree  $n$  with  $v_K(D_{L|K}) = d$  if and only if

$$n \cdot v_K(l) \leq d - n + 1 \leq n \cdot v_K(n),$$

where  $1 \leq l \leq n$  with  $l \equiv d + 1 \pmod{n}$ .

- e) (bonus) Compute the number of totally ramified field extensions  $L \subset K^{\text{sep}}$  of  $K$  of degree  $n$  with  $v_K(D_{L|K}) = d$ .

**Problem 4.** Let  $S_1$  be a degree  $n_1$  extension and let  $S_2$  be a degree  $n_2$  extension of a Dedekind domain  $R$ .

- a) Show that the tensor product  $S = S_1 \otimes_R S_2$  is a degree  $n_1 \cdot n_2$  extension of  $R$ .
- b) Show that  $\text{disc}(S|R) = \text{disc}(S_1|R)^{n_2} \cdot \text{disc}(S_2|R)^{n_1}$ . (Hint: Look up the discriminant of a Kronecker product of matrices or the proof of Proposition I.2.11 in [Neu99]. First show the claim for principal ideal domains  $R$ .)

## References

- [Bha07] Manjul Bhargava. “Mass formulae for extensions of local fields, and conjectures on the density of number field discriminants”. In: *Int. Math. Res. Not. IMRN* 17 (2007), Art. ID rnm052, 20. ISSN: 1073-7928. DOI: 10.1093/imrn/rnm052. URL: <https://doi.org/10.1093/imrn/rnm052>.
- [Neu99] Jürgen Neukirch. *Algebraic number theory*. Vol. 322. Grundlehren der Mathematischen Wissenschaften [Fundamental Principles of Mathematical Sciences]. Translated from the 1992 German original and with a note by Norbert Schappacher, With a foreword by G. Harder. Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1999, pp. xviii+571. ISBN: 3-540-65399-6. DOI: 10.1007/978-3-662-03983-0. URL: <https://doi-org.ezp-prod1.hul.harvard.edu/10.1007/978-3-662-03983-0>.

[Ser78] Jean-Pierre Serre. “Une “formule de masse” pour les extensions totalement ramifiées de degré donné d’un corps local”. In: *C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris Sér. A-B* 286.22 (1978), A1031–A1036. ISSN: 0151-0509.